

Agro-industry 2021-2024

Agreement between GLS-A and 3F The Green Sector



2021 - 2024

Agro-industrial

Agreement

Between

GLS-A

and

**Fagligt Fælles Forbund/United Federation of Danish
Workers (3F)**

1 March 2021

THE AGREEMENT HAS BEEN CONCLUDED BETWEEN:

GLS-A

Agro Food Park 13, Skejby

8200 Aarhus N

Tel.: 87 403 400

E-mail: info@gls-a.dk

Website: www.gls-a.dk

and

3F Den Grønne Gruppe (The Green Group)

Kampmannsgade 4

1790 Copenhagen W

Tel.: 70 300 300

E-mail: 3f@3f.dk

Website: www.3f.dk

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PREFACE

With effect from 1 March 2021, this Agreement between GLS-A and 3F Den Grønne Gruppe will replace the agreement between the Parties hitherto in force.

It is the intention of the Parties to the Agreement – including in consideration of the possibilities for implementing EU directives – to achieve maximum spread of collective agreement coverage within the scope of the collective agreement.

The Agreement in Danish is the legally applicable one that is to be used in resolving disagreements and disputes.

CHAPTER 1 SCOPE OF THE AGREEMENT

§ 1. Scope of the Agreement

The Agreement covers all work that usually occurs in the agro-industrial field, including:

- Poultry production (hatcheries)
- Grocery stores
- Carrot packing centres and asparagus centres
- Potato flour factories
- Potato sorting centres
- Alfalfa and grass drying facilities
- Mink feed centres
- Other agro-industrial companies

§ 2. Newly admitted companies

Subsection 1 Admission of companies with a special agreement or local agreement

Companies which, at the time of their admission to GLS-A, have an agreement with 3F, whether the agreement is a special agreement or a local agreement, are covered without special termination of such an agreement by this Agreement from the time of accession, however, so that the organisations enter into negotiations on how any local agreements should be designed so as not to upset the existing collective agreements as a whole. Such negotiations shall be started as soon as possible after accession.

Subsection 2 Admission of companies without a collective agreement

Companies which, at the time of their admission to GLS-A, have no agreement or local agreements with 3F, are covered by this Agreement from the time of admission.

CHAPTER 2 EMPLOYMENT

§ 3. Certificates of employment

The employer has a duty to provide written information about the employment relationship to the employee, cf. Act no. 240 of 17 March 2010.

If a certificate of employment has not been issued to the employee in accordance with the applicable deadlines, a fine or compensation may not be imposed on an employer who, within 15 days after the employee or his union has filed a claim for lack of employment certificate, complies with the claim, unless there is a systematic breach of the provision on certificates of employment.

§ 4. Employment on terms similar to a salaried position

An agreement on employment can be concluded on terms similar to a salaried position. See the protocol in Chapter 20.

CHAPTER 3 WORKING HOURS

§ 5. Weekly working hours

Subsection 1 Weekly working hours

The normal weekly working time is 37 hours.

Subsection 2 Part-time employment

a. Agreement on part-time employment

Companies and employees who may be interested in this may agree on part-time employment provided that the persons concerned do not already have full-time employment in the company or another company, unless special considerations call for shorter working hours than normal.

b. At least 15 hours

The weekly working time for part-time employees must be at least 15 hours. The working time for part-time employment shall be agreed in writing at the time of recruitment, since the daily working time of the part-time workers should not exceed the working time of the other employees employed in the company. For part-time employees, working hours must be at least 2 hours on the planned working days, unless otherwise agreed.

The company must not reduce the number of full-time employees in connection with the establishment of part-time workers where employees with the same qualifications are concerned.

c. Remuneration

The remuneration of part-time employees is in accordance with the generally applicable collective agreement provisions, so that the employees may not be granted any form of wage compensation because the working hours are shorter than normal.

d. Work outside the period 6:00 a.m. – 6:00 p.m.

For the part of the daily working time which for part-time employed workers is outside the period from 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., an additional payment equal to that granted for work on staggered time is granted.

e. Reduced working capacity

For employees whose ability to work is impaired due to age, infirmity or injury, an agreement can be made on a shortened working time.

The organisations have the right to take proceedings for abuse of this provision in accordance with the rules for dealing with industrial disputes.

§ 6. Planning of working hours

Subsection 1 Planning of working hours

The working hours are divided into 5 days, from Monday to Saturday, and are set between 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.

Subsection 2 Organisation of working hours

In determining how the daily and weekly working hours as well as meal and rest breaks are to be distributed, the affected employees must be consulted. Meal and rest breaks can be allocated for a maximum of 1 hour daily.

If the employer does not see itself able to comply with the employees' wishes, the employer may, taking into account the company's operations, initiate changes in working hours with 7 days' notice.

No working day can be less than 4 hours, unless otherwise agreed.

Subsection 3 Agreement on 40-hour working week

Where there is local agreement, a 40-hour working week can be established with time off in lieu for excess hours. The saved hours must be taken as time off in lieu. Time off in lieu takes place for whole and half days at a time suitable for the production, possibly in connection with skewed holidays. Both parties are entitled to 8 days' notice.

For saving, a locally agreed amount is set aside per hour.

In the event of severance, saved free time must be used before the end of the employment relationship.

Subsection 4 Agreement on other organisation of weekly working hours

Subject to local agreement, the working hours of all employees or groups of employees, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1, can be organised according to a locally agreed work schedule, comprising the number of weekly working days and hours, provided that the average weekly working time is 37 hours over a period of up to 26 weeks.

By local agreement is meant that a majority of the affected employees have voted in favour. The local agreement is concluded between the company and the union representative for the area in question. The local agreement can be terminated with 3 months' notice.

The individual employee's working hours must be stated in a suspended work plan, which must extend over at least 3 weeks.

Subsection 5 Flexitime

Subject to local agreement flexitime agreements can be entered into.

Agreements on flexitime are concluded with the union representative. At companies where no union representative has been elected, employees have the opportunity to involve the local 3F branch.

When introducing flexitime, a fixed time and a flexitime are determined. Flexitime can be planned within the working time framework of the Agreement.

A maximum excess of 74 hours and a maximum deficit of 37 can accumulate in the flexitime account, unless otherwise agreed locally.

Working time shall be regularly recorded.

Ordered overtime triggers overtime pay in accordance with the relevant rules of the Agreement.

The flexitime agreement is concluded and terminated in accordance with the rules for local agreements.

Requests for the introduction of flexitime may not be the subject of industrial dispute procedure.

§ 7. Weekend work

Subsection 1 Establishment of weekend work

Where the company and the employees may be interested in this, and where there is a need for an extension of the weekly working hours, this can be established in the form of weekend work. The work areas covered by this form of operation are specified in more detail in a local agreement.

Subsection 2 Working hours

Work is usually done in two teams of 24 hours on Saturdays and Sundays. Employees employed for weekend work may only exceptionally work on the first five days of the week and only after approval by the organisations.

The start and end time for weekend work are agreed locally at the individual company. Weekend work can, however, usually start no earlier than Saturday morning at 6:00 a.m.

Employees who are employed for weekend work may not have other paid employment at the same time. Thus, no additional support can be paid.

Violation of this is considered a breach of the employment relationship that results in immediate severance from the company.

Subsection 3 Wage conditions

Collective wages are paid in accordance with what has otherwise been agreed in the relevant area of the company.

Finally, supplements are granted for work on Saturdays and Sundays in accordance with the relevant rules of the Agreement. It can be agreed locally that the supplements are distributed as an average of all hours.

Subsection 4 Rest days and work on public holidays

Working hours are organised prior to the start of work, so that it is clear which days (Saturdays/Sundays) are off-hours.

For work on public holidays, only the normal wage is paid, and thus no public holiday advance is paid.

Subsection 5 Sick days

During the employer period, the individual company pays the hourly maximum set by the Danish Agency for Labour Market and Recruitment at all times, so that 24 hours of weekend work performed corresponds to a full normal working week.

Subsection 6 Holiday

Holidays and holiday allowances are granted in accordance with current holiday laws.

At full employment in the earning year, the holiday will be 5 Saturdays and Sundays.

Subsection 7 ATP

ATP contribution is calculated with full contribution.

Subsection 8 Transfer

The management of the individual company reserves the right to let the employees transfer to normal team operation work or day shifts, if there is a shortage of staff, lack of orders, capacity adjustment problems, etc.

Subsection 9 Other provisions

Unless otherwise stated, the provisions of the Agreement apply.

§ 8. Local agreements on working hours deviation from the collective agreement

By local agreement between the company and the local 3F branch, it is permitted to supplement and deviate from the working time regulations in accordance with the guidelines in Section 43.

CHAPTER 4 WAGES AND SUPPLEMENTS

§ 9. Hourly wage

Subsection 1 Wage rates

For the individual business areas, reference is made to wage documents in Chapter 21.

Subsection 2 Wages on re-employment

When an employee is re-employed for the same job within the same department in the company where he or she has previously been employed, and not 9 months have elapsed since the dismissal, he or she is paid at his or her last hourly wage, though under consideration of any general wage changes.

§ 10. Local wages

Subsection 1 Hourly wage with local wage

Local wage agreements can be concluded at the company under this provision.

Local wages may be up to:

as of 1 March 2021DKK 1.00 per hour
as of 1 March 2022DKK 1.50 per hour
as of 1 March 2023DKK 2.00 per hour

In companies where a local wage agreement has been concluded, the normal hourly wage is reduced accordingly. The basis for calculating overtime is unchanged.

Local wage can be established for all employees or groups of employees. Vocational training students, foreign trainees and young workers cannot be covered by a local wage agreement.

The agreement shall be concluded with the union representative. In companies where no union representative has been elected, the agreement is concluded with the local 3F branch.

Subsection 2 Annual statement and disbursement

At the end of the collective agreement year or at the end of the agreement, the company prepares a statement of the amount of the local wage and the total of the paid local wages for the employees who during the period have been covered by the local wage agreement.

If the local wage at the time of the statement has not been paid in full, the remaining amount is divided between the employees employed per 1 March who are covered by the scheme. The distribution is made proportionally on the basis of the individually performed pay hours in the previous collective bargaining year, unless otherwise agreed locally. Payment of any outstanding amount will be made in connection with the next pay period after 1 March, unless otherwise agreed locally.

At the request of the union representative/local branch, the company must provide evidence that the local wage has been paid as agreed.

Subsection 3 Termination of local wage scheme

Termination of a local wage agreement can take place with a minimum of 6 months' notice to the end of a wage period.

Refer also to guidelines on local wages prepared by GLS-A and 3F.

§ 11. Supplement for skilled workers

A supplement is paid to skilled employees and employees equated with skilled employees per hour DKK 4.50

For the individual business areas, reference is made to wage documents in Chapter 21.

§ 12. Seniority supplement

For the individual business areas, reference is made to wage documents in Chapter 21.

§ 13. Supplementary payments otherwise

For the individual business areas, reference is made to wage documents in Chapter 21.

§ 14. Young workers

Young workers are remunerated in relation to the adult hourly wage, cf. Chapter 21, with the following percentages:

- 17-year-olds with 75%
- 16-year-olds with 65%
- 15-year-olds with 50%

§ 15. Piecework and other productivity-enhancing wage systems

Subsection 1 Piecework

The Parties to the Agreement consider it desirable to use piecework or other productivity-enhancing wage systems which are adapted locally to the specific circumstances of each company.

Subsection 2 Resignation during piecework

If an employee covered by piecework or other productivity-enhancing wage systems is dismissed for reasons considered unforeseeable, he or she retains the right to a proportionate share of any piecework surplus or share of productivity-enhancing pay. The same applies where the employee leaves his or her job after giving notice of termination, cf. Section 35.

Subsection 3 Wasted time

For the time that, through no fault of his own, is inevitably wasted for an employee performing piecework due to the lack of timely requisitioned materials, the employee is paid if the employee is not put to other work – for which other payment is fixed – at a rate equivalent to his average piecework earnings in the previous quarter.

Subsection 4 Hourly rate

When concluding local piecework agreements, the hourly wage cannot be reduced (calculated by the piecework agreement period or the pay period).

Subsection 5 Assistance from the organisations

Such wage systems may be disseminated with the technical assistance of the organisations.

§ 16. Fixed wage agreements

Voluntary and individual fixed pay agreements may be concluded. Fixed wage means agreements where the wage includes payment for normal working hours, overtime and any work on staggered time, team operation and/or weekends.

Fixed wage agreements can only be concluded with employees who work full time and in permanent positions. Fixed-wage agreements are not suitable for wage-setting for employees employed for seasonal work.

Fixed wage agreements must be concluded in writing, and there must be a reasonable relationship between the agreed wage and the time expected to be used for the work.

The agreement must be approved by the union representative or the local 3F branch.

An employee on a fixed wage has the right to terminate the fixed wage agreement at any time. The agreement may be terminated to lapse with 1 month's notice to the end of a month. Upon termination of the agreement, the wage is reduced so that the wage corresponds to the wage for normal working hours without supplements for overtime, staggered time, team operation and/or weekends.

Disagreements over fixed wage can be addressed under the rules for handling of industrial disputes. The Parties to the Agreement agree that fixed wage agreements must never be an expression of underpayment.

§ 17. Payroll and pay period

Subsection 1 Payroll method

The wage is paid by transfer to the employee's account with a financial institution.

Subsection 2 Pay period

The pay period is usually two weeks.

The employer may, after local discussion, decide that the pay period shall be one, three or more weeks, however, a maximum of one month.

Subsection 3 Pay time

Where wages are paid weekly, payment is made no later than the 7th day after the end of the wage period. Where wages are paid monthly, payment is made no later than the last working day of the month.

Subsection 4 Electronic documents

Companies may, with legal tender effect, deliver pay slips and any other documents to be exchanged during or after the current employment relationship, via the electronic postal solutions that may be available, e.g. e-Box or by e-mail.

If the companies want to use this option, the employees must be notified 3 months in advance, unless otherwise agreed. After the notice has expired, employees unable to use the electronic solution can have the relevant documents handed out by contacting the company.

CHAPTER 5 OVERTIME, STAGGERED HOURS, TEAM OPERATION, ETC.

§ 18. Overtime work

Subsection 1 Overtime pay

The organisations agree that overtime should be avoided as far as possible, but that there may be circumstances that necessitate overtime for the sake of the company's operation or timely completion of orders, obligations, etc.

Regarding payment for overtime, refer to the individual business areas for wage vouchers in Chapter 21.

Subsection 2 Overtime on rest days, Sundays and public holidays

In the event of overtime on rest days and Sundays and public holidays, the employee has the right to demand at least 2 hours of work in advance.

Subsection 3 Notification of overtime

Overtime in excess of 1 hour must be notified no later than 3 hours before the end of normal working hours on the day in question. If such overtime has not been notified in

time, or if the notified overtime is not carried out, half an hourly wage is paid (by hourly wage is meant the employee's personal hourly wage). This provision only applies to employees in stationary workplaces.

Subsection 4 Calculation of working hours

When calculating overtime, time spent for meals and rest is deducted, just as non-attendance during normal working hours is deducted from the overtime time, unless the negligence is due to a reason that cannot be attributed to the employee, or a reason which has been notified to the employer in good time and approved by him.

In the case of deductions for lost time within a pay period, this is deducted from the last overtime hours worked in the same pay week.

Normal daytime working hours used for time off in lieu in accordance with the collective agreement's overtime rules are not considered neglected time.

Subsection 5 Time off in lieu of overtime

An agreement can be made locally on time off in lieu of overtime. Time off in lieu of overtime must be settled within 6 months.

Subsection 6 Sickness and time off in lieu

Sick days counteract time off in lieu, provided that the employee calls in sick before the beginning of normal working hours on the day on which the time off in lieu would have taken place. If several days of time off in lieu are planned, sick days continue to counteract subsequent days of time off in lieu.

It is a prerequisite that the employee reports the sickness in accordance with the company's rules.

§ 19. Staggered working hours

Subsection 1 Establishment of staggered working hours.

It is not possible to establish staggered working hours in such a way that the total staggered working hours are within the period 6:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m.

Subsection 2 Payment for work on staggered working hours

No supplement is paid for the part of the staggered working hours that is between 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., insofar as the provisions of subsection 3 and subsection 4 are met.

Adult employees per hour

From 6:00 p.m. to 22.00

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 26.65
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 27.08
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 27.51

From 22.00 to 6:00 a.m.

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 53.68
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 54.54
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 55.41

Subsection 3 Notice of staggered working hours

When establishing work on staggered working hours, at least 5 x 24 hours notice must be given. If notice is not given, overtime supplement is paid until the notice expires for the time that falls outside the company's normal working hours.

Subsection 4 Overtime with staggered working hours

If overtime is required in connection with staggered working hours, overtime supplement is paid during such work in addition to the supplement for staggered working hours applicable at the time.

§ 20. Team operation work

The collective agreement "Work in Team Operation" between GLS-A and 3F is valid for this Agreement.

§ 21. On-call duty

Agreements on availability for being on-call are concluded between the employer and the individual employees involved. For hatcheries, however, reference is made to the wage document in Chapter 21.

CHAPTER 6 PUBLIC HOLIDAY AND DAYS OFF ACCOUNT AND FREE-CHOICE ACCOUNT

§ 22. Public holiday and days off account (SH account)

Public holiday payment and payment for 5 special holidays are saved, cf. Section 24, per year as well as for collectively agreed rest days, cf. Section 25, in a special SH account.

Subsection 1 Savings

The public holiday payment amounts to 6.75% of the employee's holiday pay entitlement, as well as of pay during sickness/injury.

Holiday allowance of the public holidays and rest day payment are included in the amount.

Subsection 2 Payment

The deposited savings are paid out partly as an advance amount in connection with the individual public holiday, special holiday or collectively agreed rest day and partly as a residual payment.

Subsection 3 Advance

The advance amounts constitute the employee's usual wage. However, the employee is not entitled to payment of larger amounts than in his or her public holiday account at any given time. The company and the employee can agree on other advance amounts.

The normal wage is the hourly rate, including fixed allowances, but excluding inconvenience allowances, which the employee would have received if he or she was at work on the day in question.

The advance amounts are paid on New Year's Day, Maundy Thursday, Good Friday, Easter Monday, 2nd Pentecost Day, Big Prayer Day, Ascension Day and 1st and 2nd Christmas Day.

The advance amounts are paid on public holidays etc. falling on weekdays when the employee would have been at work and where the normal working hours are shortened as a result.

Furthermore, the advance amounts are paid upon settlement of the collectively agreed rest days and special holidays. On Constitution Day, half the advance amount is paid.

Subsection 4 Payment of advance

Payment of advance amounts takes place at the same time as the pay for the pay period in which the public holiday(s) or rest day(s) occur. If the holiday or closure prevents payment at this time, the advance amounts will be paid on the next payday.

Subsection 5 Balances

The public holiday account is calculated each year at the end of the pay period closest to 31 December. Any surplus in the public holiday account will be paid out together with the last wage payment in December and at the latest together with the first wage payment in January.

Advance amounts for 1 January are included in the public holiday account for the previous calendar year.

Subsection 6 Resignation

In the event of resignation from the company, any excess in the public holiday account is settled. In the event of termination of employment, any deficit in the public holiday account may be offset against receivable wages.

Subsection 7 Work on a public holiday

If work is done on a public holiday, the employee is entitled to an advance amount as well as the collectively agreed payment for work on a public holiday.

Subsection 8 Employees employed on a monthly salary or on terms comparable to a salaried position

If there is no deduction from pay on public holidays and rest days – for example, for employees on monthly salaries or employees employed on terms comparable to a salaried position – the savings to the public holiday account will lapse.

Subsection 9 Death

In the event of death, the saved public holiday account accrues to the deceased's estate.

§ 23. Free-choice account

Subsection 1 Contribution

Employees save contributions to a free choice account of the holiday-entitled pay. The contribution shall be:

as of 1 March 20215%
as of 1 March 20226%
as of 1 March 20237%

Holiday allowance is included in the savings.

Subsection 2 Intended use

During the employment relationship, the savings in the free-choice account can be used for:

- payment to the employee's pension scheme,
- children's care days,
- children's 2nd sick day,
- doctor visits with children,
- senior rest days or
- cash payment

If the employee wishes to have all or part of the amount paid into his pension scheme, the employee must notify the employer in writing by 1 December.

The union representative may locally agree on other elements of free choice, including paid free time for additional absences and care conditions beyond what is explicitly described in the Agreement.

Subsection 3 Ongoing payment

The employee and the company can agree that the total contribution to the free-choice account is paid on an ongoing basis together with the wage. It is a prerequisite for this that the company can document that the employee has been encouraged to make a choice.

In the ongoing payment, the amount paid must be shown separately in the pay slip.

Subsection 4 Annual statement

The free-choice account is calculated each year at the end of the pay period which is closest to 31 December. Any excess in the free-choice account will be paid together with the last wage payment in December and at latest together with the first wage payment in January.

Subsection 5 Termination of employment

At the end of the employment relationship, any surplus in the free-choice account is settled.

CHAPTER 7 SPECIAL HOLIDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

§ 24. Special holidays

A right to one day off is earned for every 2.4 months of employment (equivalent to 0.7115 hours per week of employment for full-time employees).

Payment is granted from the public holiday and days off account, cf. Section 26. The day off is settled and placed taking into account the best interests of the company and, as far as possible, at the request of the individual employee.

It can be agreed locally that special holidays can be taken in hours.

The day off must be taken no later than 1 year after it is earned. The days off must be taken within the settlement period and at the latest before severance. Time off, which cannot be counted for whole days, may be paid in conjunction with severance.

If time off – justified by sickness, childbirth, transition to self-employment, transition to work at home, stay abroad, imprisonment or other forced placement, military service or other similar circumstance — is not taken, the wage earned for the days off may be paid.

Accumulated days off cannot be taken during the notice period.

§ 25. Collectively agreed rest days

Subsection 1 Collectively agreed rest days

In addition to the public holidays stipulated by law as well as the special holidays earned in Section 24, there are the following rest days stipulated in the collective agreement:

Constitution Day is a rest day from 12:00 noon. Work after 12:00 p.m. is paid as for work on a public holiday.

December 24 is a rest day all day. Work on December 24 is paid as for work on a public holiday.

If there is a loss of income, payment is made on collectively agreed rest days from the public holiday and rest day account, cf. Section 22.

For potato variety centers, see Chapter 21 for special rules on free time on May 1st and December 31st.

Subsection 2 Postponement of rest days

Subject to local agreement, free time on collectively agreed rest days may be postponed with 4 weeks' notice and replaced by free time later. Later leave is arranged in consideration of the employee's wishes and must be completed within 3 months of the original rest day.

§ 26. Holidays and holiday allowances

Subsection 1 Holidays and holiday allowances

Holidays and holiday allowance are granted in accordance with the Holidays Act. The holiday allowance is 12.5% and entitlement to 2.08 days of leave is earned for each month's employment. (For a 6-day working week, 2.5 days per month are earned).

Subsection 2 Reporting and payment of holiday pay

The agreement of 7 July 1980 on the use of holiday cards is in force with the following amendments:

In connection with each wage payment, the employer reports holiday pay to e-Income. From this point, information about holiday pay is automatically forwarded to Ferienginfo, which collects all information about holiday pay.

Ferienginfo sends a digital mail letter to the employee with information on how many days the employee benefits and at which employers.

The employee must apply for holiday pay on borger.dk. After this, Ferienginfo sends the application to the appropriate holiday payer (earning company).

When an employee applies for his or her holiday pay, Ferienginfo forwards the message to the holiday payer (earning company) which has to pay holiday pay directly to the employee. Payment of holiday pay is made by transfer to the employee's Nemkonto.

The employee is entitled to receive the holiday pay one month before the start of the holiday.

Subsection 3 Guarantee scheme

GLS-A guarantees, in the event of suspension of payments, for its members payment of holiday pay due, and 3F is obliged in such cases to help its members transfer their claim for holiday pay to GLS-A, cf. Section 8 of Act no. 686 of 20/06/2011 on the employees' guarantee fund.

Subsection 4 Guarantee release

GLS-A may at any time, with 14 calendar days' notice, release itself from its guarantee under subsection 3 of this Section for one or more of its members. Once non-retroactive notification has been made, the Feriekonto system shall apply to the company or companies covered by the notification.

Subsection 5 Carry-over of holiday

The employee and the employer may conclude an agreement that earned and unused holiday days in excess of 20 days are carried over to the following holiday period on the following terms:

- A maximum of 10 holiday days can be transferred.
- No later than the second holiday retention period after the transfer of the holiday, all holidays must be taken.
- The employee and the employer must conclude an agreement in writing before 31 December. The Parties recommend use of the organisations' holiday transfer form.

Subsection 6 Holiday in hours

A written agreement can be made locally that the holiday is taken in hours .

In this context, it must be ensured that the holiday is not taken for fewer hours than the planned number of working hours on the day in question and that the total leave is not less than 5 weeks for 25 full days, of which non-working days which are not replacement rest days and working days are included proportionately. As far as possible, the holiday must be taken for whole weeks.

The holiday must reflect the working week and must not be placed solely on short or long working days.

CHAPTER 8 OCCUPATIONAL PENSION

§ 27. Occupational pension and health care scheme

Subsection 1 Mandatory pension scheme

The company pays pensions for employees who have reached the age of 18 and who have worked for at least 3 months under an agreement between GLS-A and 3F. However, employees who can prove that they have been covered by an occupational pension scheme in connection with their previous employment relationship are covered by the pension scheme from the time of employment.

Subsection 2 Pension contribution

The pension contribution constitutes 12.99% of the holiday pay plus public holiday and days off payment as well as free choice account. The employer pays 8.66% and the employee 4.33%.

It is possible for employees to increase their own contribution to the pension scheme.

Subsection 3 Payment of pension contributions

The pension contribution is paid monthly to PensionDanmark. Refer to the guidelines from PensionDanmark.

Subsection 4 Increased pension contributions during maternity leave

For children born or received up to and including 1 August 2022:

During the 14 weeks of maternity leave, an additional pension contribution is paid to employees with 9 months' seniority at the expected time of birth.

The pension contribution amounts to DKK 12.75 per hour. Of this, the employer pays DKK 8.50 per hour and the employee pays DKK 4.25 per hour.

For children born or received on or after 2 August 2022:

During the 10 weeks of maternity leave and the mother's 4 weeks of earmarked parental leave, an additional pension contribution is paid to employees with 9 months' seniority at the expected time of birth.

The pension contribution amounts to DKK 12.75 per hour. Of this, the employer pays DKK 8.50 per hour and the employee pays DKK 4.25 per hour.

Subsection 5 Health care scheme

Employees are covered by a health care scheme through PensionDanmark. The scheme is financed through the pension contribution.

See also Chapter 20: Protocol on occupational pension and pension phasing-in.

CHAPTER 9 SICKNESS, ETC.

§ 28. Sickness and injury

Subsection 1 Sickness Benefit Act

In the event of incapacity for work due to sickness or accident, the rules of the Sickness Benefit Act apply.

Subsection 2 Sickness occurring during working hours

If an employee falls sick during working hours and, in agreement with the employer must leave his job, full pay is paid for the day the sickness occurs.

Subsection 3 Wages during sickness

For employees with 9 months of employment in the company within the last 24 months, the employer pays normal pay (collectively agreed hourly wage including general function supplement and any seniority supplement and supplement for skilled workers/equivalent employees) for up to 10 weeks in the event of timely reported and documented sickness. The amount contains the maximum sickness benefit rate stipulated by legislation.

It is a prerequisite that the employee in question is entitled to sickness benefit during the period of absence.

The above provisions do not apply to cases of sickness covered by an agreement concluded between the employer and the employee in accordance with the Sickness Benefit Act's rules on chronic or long-term sickness (Section 56 of the Sickness Benefit Act).

Subsection 4 Wages in the event of injury at work

In the event of injury at the workplace, where the employee in question must leave his job by prior agreement with the employer, he or she is paid up to 10 weeks on normal wages (collectively agreed hourly wage including general function supplement and any seniority supplement and supplement for skilled workers/equivalent employees).

Subsection 5 Relapse

In the event of a relapse due to the same sickness within 14 calendar days after the end of the previous period of absence, the employer's payment period is calculated from the first day of absence in the first period of absence.

Subsection 6 Holiday allowance

Holiday allowance is calculated in accordance with the rules in section 20 of the Holiday Act.

§ 29. Child's sickness, etc.

Subsection 1 Right to absence during child's sickness

Employees with 6 months' seniority in the company have the right to free time under subsection 2-5 in the case of child's sickness and doctor's visit.

Subsection 2 Child's sickness during the workday

If the child becomes sick during the employee's working day and the employee has to leave work as a result, there is a right to free time with the usual pay for the remaining working hours on the day in question.

Subsection 3 The child's first full sick day

The employee has the right to leave with pay when this is necessary for the care of the employee's sick, resident child/children under the age of 12. Leave is granted to one of the child's parents, and only until another care option is established. Leave may include at most the child's first day of sick leave.

Payment shall be the rate of sickness benefit per hour plus:

as of 1 March 2021DKK 8.50

as of 1 March 2022DKK 11.00

as of 1 March 2023DKK 13.50

Absence due to child's sickness must be reported just like one's own sickness, and the company may require documentation, e.g. in the form of a declaration of honour/sick leave form.

Subsection 4 The child's second sick day

If the child remains sick after the first full day of sickness, the employee is entitled to an additional rest day. This rest day is taken without pay. The employee can be paid an amount from his free choice account corresponding to the usual wage

Employees wishing to take time off on the child's second day of sick leave must notify the company as early as possible.

Subsection 5 Doctor visits with children

With effect from 1 May 2021, the following applies:

The employee has the right to free time in connection with doctor visits with the child.

Free time to visit a doctor is taken without pay. The employee can receive an amount from his free-choice account corresponding to the usual wage for the actual absence.

Employees wishing to take time off for doctor visits must notify the company as soon as possible.

§ 30. Children's hospitalization

Employees and employees in training are granted free time when it is necessary for the employee to be admitted to hospital with the child when the child is under 14 years of age. This also applies when hospitalization occurs in whole or partly at home.

This free time only applies to one holder of parental responsibility, and there is a maximum right to free time for a total of one week per child within a 12-month period.

The employee must be able to provide documentation of the hospitalization on request.

Payment is made at the same rate as for own sickness.

§ 31. Childcare days

Employees with the right to leave on the child's first sick day are entitled to 2 childcare days per year. The employee can have a maximum of 2 childcare days per year, regardless of how many children the employee has. This right applies for children under 14 years of age.

The days are placed by agreement between the company and the employee, taking into account the company's interests.

The childcare days are taken without pay, but the employee can be paid an amount corresponding to the usual wage from the free choice account.

§ 32. Caring for the seriously ill

In connection with the rules in the Service Act on assistance in connection with the care of the seriously ill at home, etc., the Parties agree that requests for leave are granted to employees who wish to care for close relatives in their own home.

CHAPTER 10 MATERNITY LEAVE

§ 33. Maternity leave

Subsection 1 Pay during maternity leave

For children born or received up to and including 1 August 2022:

The employer pays to employees who at the time of birth have 9 months of employment within the last 24 months, wages during absence from 4 weeks before the expected time of birth and up to 14 weeks after birth.

The wage corresponds to normal wage (collectively agreed hourly wage including general function supplement as well as any seniority supplement and supplement for skilled workers/employees equated with), however, a maximum of DKK 155.50 per hour. The amount contains the maximum maternity benefit rate stipulated in legislation. (The maximum rate will be raised as of 1 March 2023 to DKK 158.00.)

Under the same conditions, wages are paid for up to 2 weeks during leave to a father or co-mother.

For children born or received on or after 2 August 2022:

The employer pays to employees who at the time of birth have 9 months of employment within the last 24 months, wages during absence from 4 weeks before the expected time

of birth and up to 10 weeks of maternity leave after birth as well as 4 weeks of earmarked parental leave.

The wage corresponds to normal wage (collectively agreed hourly wage including general function supplement as well as any seniority supplement and supplement for skilled workers/employees equated with), however, a maximum of DKK 155.50 per hour. The amount contains the maximum maternity benefit rate stipulated in legislation. (The maximum rate will be raised as of 1 March 2023 to DKK 158.00.)

Under the same conditions, wages are paid for up to 2 weeks during leave to a father or co-mother.

Subsection 2 Increased pension contributions during maternity leave

Reference is made to Section 27(4).

Subsection 3 Pay during parental leave

The employer also provides payment during parental leave for up to 16 weeks. The payment for the 16 weeks corresponds to the usual wage.

Of these 16 weeks, the parent taking maternity leave is entitled to 5 weeks and the other parent is entitled to 8 weeks. If the leave reserved for this parent is not taken, the payment lapses. The remaining 3 weeks of leave are granted to either parent.

The 16 weeks must be taken within 52 weeks after the birth. Unless otherwise agreed, 3 weeks' notice must be given for the 16 weeks. Each of the parents' leave can be divided into a maximum of two periods, unless otherwise agreed.

Subsection 4 Reimbursement

Payment under subsections 1 to 3 shall be subject to the condition that the employer is entitled to reimbursement equal to the maximum rate of benefit. Should the reimbursement be less, the payment to the employee will be reduced accordingly.

Subsection 5 Adopters

Adopters, who at the time of receiving the child have 9 months' seniority, are entitled to pay in connection with an adoption.

Adopters who stay abroad to receive a child are entitled to pay during leave for 4 weeks before receiving the child. The right to paid leave is extended for up to 4 weeks if the stay abroad before the reception of the child becomes longer than 4 weeks for reasons that cannot be attributed to the future adopters.

The child is considered received once the formal conditions for travelling home with the child are met.

Adopters who receive an adopted child in Denmark are entitled to pay during leave for up to 1 week before receiving the child, provided that the child does not already reside in the adopters' home. It is a prerequisite that the adopters, for the sake of the child, stay at the place where the child is before the reception. The right to pay is extended for up to 1 week if the stay is longer than 1 week for reasons that cannot be attributed to the future adopters.

For children received up to and including 1 August 2022:

For the first 14 weeks after receiving the child, one of the adopting parents at a time is entitled to paid leave, including the right to simultaneous leave with pay for 2 consecutive weeks.

Remuneration follows the same payment rate as for parents on maternity leave

It is a prerequisite for the payment that the employer is entitled to a reimbursement corresponding to the maximum unemployment benefit rate.

For children received on or after 2 August 2022:

For the first 10 weeks after receiving the child and during 4 weeks of earmarked parental leave, one of the adopting parents at a time has the right to leave with pay, including the right to simultaneous leave with pay for 2 consecutive weeks.

Remuneration follows the same payment rate as for parents on maternity leave

It is a prerequisite for the payment that the employer is entitled to a reimbursement corresponding to the maximum unemployment benefit rate.

§ 34. Maternity compensation

Members of GLS-A can apply for a reimbursement in GLS-A Maternity Compensation.

CHAPTER 11 TERMINATION RULES

§ 35. Notice periods

Subsection 1 Notice periods

From the employer side:

After 1 year of seniority	14 calendar days
After 2 years of seniority	28 calendar days
After 5 years of seniority	56 calendar days

From the employee side:

After 1 year of seniority	7 calendar days
After 2 years of seniority	14 calendar days
After 5 years of seniority	14 calendar days

Subsection 2 Termination during sickness

Employees with 3 years' seniority at the company, who are entitled to pay during sickness for a limited period, are given termination protection during the period with the right to pay during sickness, though not exceeding a maximum of 70 days. Protection against termination during sickness applies only if the employee is not responsible for the intended termination.

Termination during sickness may take place under large-scale redundancies. It is not a prerequisite that the redundancies are covered by the Collective Redundancies Act.

Subsection 3 Seniority

It is seniority at the time of termination that is the determining factor for the stated notice of termination.

Interruption in seniority does not include absence due to sickness or injury, if this has been notified to the company without undue delay, as well as conscription for military service, if the employee is reinstated in the company immediately after returning home.

Subsection 4 Lapse of notice period

The notice of termination lapses in the event of unemployment as a result of other employees' work stoppages, as well as in the event of machine shutdowns, material shortages and other force majeure, which stops operations in whole or in part.

Subsection 5 Local agreements on notice of termination deviating from the main agreement

By local agreement between the company and the local 3F branch, it is permitted to supplement and deviate from the provisions regarding termination with regard to interruptions of the employment relationship of a temporary nature. Reference is made to Section 43.

Subsection 6 Training in connection with termination

Employees who are laid off due to restructuring, layoffs, company closures or other company dependent causes, are entitled to the rights listed below, depending on seniority.

a. Prior learning assessment

If the employee has not already completed a prior learning assessment on the date of termination, the employee, who has at least 1 year of uninterrupted seniority in the company, has the right to complete a competency assessment in accordance with Section 49(4) (prior learning assessment).

The employee is entitled to free time with pay for up to one working day, including the two hours mentioned in Section 41 (free time for counselling in the event of termination) if this is necessary to carry out this competency assessment.

b. Training during the notice period

Employees who have at least 1 year of uninterrupted seniority in the company are entitled to participate in training of their choice for up to 2 weeks in the period between notice and departure. It is a prerequisite

- that the employee chooses AMU, FVU or other training offers for which public wage loss compensation is granted, and
- that the course participation takes place during the notice period.

c. Training in extension of the notice period

In addition, under the same conditions, employees have the right to participate in up to 2 weeks of training immediately following the original notice period.

In this connection, the employee's notice of termination may be extended by the course period, however, not by more than 2 weeks, if the employee documents that the course participation cannot be completed in the original notice period. As a condition of this right, the employee must inform the company in writing as soon as possible and at the

latest within the first week of termination if the right to these up to 2 weeks of training is to be exercised.

The company does not have to issue a renewed notice of termination when the departure is postponed.

The right to training under this provision does not apply to employees who have resigned of their own volition.

Course participation is arranged in agreement with the company, in consideration of the company's interests.

It is a prerequisite for training under this provision that the company receives grants from the Competence Development Fund when the employee participates in competence clarification and training during the notice period/in extension of the notice period.

§ 36. Severance pay

Subsection 1 Uninterrupted employment

If an employee who has been continuously employed in the same company for 3, 6 or 8 years is dismissed through no fault of his own, the employer must pay 1, 2 or 3 times a special severance pay amounting to DKK 5,000, respectively, upon the employee's severance.

Subsection 2 Lapse of compensation

The provisions of subsection 1 shall not apply if the employee upon resignation has obtained another employment, receives a pension or, for any other reason, does not receive unemployment benefit. Finally, the compensation is not paid if the employee is a salaried employee or is already entitled to severance pay, extended notice of termination or similar terms that give a better right than the general termination rules of the collective agreement.

Subsection 3 Re-entry into seniority

Employees who receive compensation in accordance with subsection 1 and who, in the case of reinstatement, enter their earned seniority shall not be entitled to compensation under this provision until the conditions laid down in subsection 1 are fulfilled in relation to this new recruitment.

Subsection 4 Part-time employees

If the employee is part-time, the amount changes proportionally.

Subsection 5 Temporary interruption

The provision does not apply in connection with being sent home. This applies regardless of the terminology that is specifically used, as long as there is a termination of the employment relationship, which by its nature is temporary. If an interruption that was initially temporary later proves to be permanent, the employer's obligation is actualised in accordance with the provision.

Subsection 6 Severance pay for employees on care leave

An employee who does not receive unemployment benefits at the time of resignation as stated in subsection 2, is entitled to severance pay when the reason for this is that the employee is on care leave granted in accordance with Section 118 of the Service Act.

§ 37. Free time for counselling in the event of termination

Employees who are dismissed due to restructuring, downsizing, company closure or other conditions dependent on the company are entitled to free time with pay for up to two hours to seek counselling from the unemployment insurance fund/union. The interview is scheduled as soon as possible after the termination, taking due account of the company's operational conditions.

It can be agreed locally that the local 3F branch can hold counselling interviews at the company's address in the case of dismissal.

CHAPTER 12 UNION REPRESENTATIVES AND HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVES

§ 38. Union representatives

Subsection 1 Election

In any company with at least 5 employees, employees have the right to elect a union representative. This individual must be chosen by the employees and must be approved by the local 3F branch. The result of the election must be notified immediately to the employer, who has the right to a reasoned objection.

The election of a union representative must take place in such a way as to ensure that all employees employed in the company are able to take part in the election, which is, moreover, only valid when more than one third of the employees employed in the company have voted for the individual in question.

The union representative must be elected from among the recognized skilled employees who, as far as possible, have worked at the workplace, in the company or the company department in the last year.

After taking up his duties as a union representative, he must be given the opportunity to attend a course as soon as possible.

Subsection 2 Joint union representative

In companies where 3 or more union representatives have been elected within the Agreement, the union representatives can elect a joint union representative from among them, who in common matters, e.g. working hours, holidays and rest days, welfare conditions and the like, can be the representative of all employees to the management. Management is informed in writing of the election of a joint union representative.

The joint union representative may participate in the handling of matters concerning the normal functions of the individual union representatives within their respective branches, if the management or the union representatives concerned so wish.

In companies with several departments where a union representative has been elected, a joint union representative may be elected by local agreement to represent all departments.

Subsection 3 Rights and duty

The union representative has the rights and duty to ensure, without loss of income, that the provisions of the Agreement are complied with and must enter into negotiations with the employer on any disagreements arising at the workplace.

The union representative must have the necessary time to carry out his work as a union representative.

The union representative shall have leave to attend meetings resulting from:

- Agricultural rules for dealing with industrial disputes
- The General Agreement
- The Labour Court Act

Free time to participate in meetings includes mediation meetings, organisational meetings, professional arbitration, joint meetings, main proceedings in the Labour Court, preparatory meetings of the Dismissal Board and meetings of the Dismissal Board.

This free time also entails remuneration, provided that the case concerns one of the employees by whom the union representative in question has been elected or otherwise represents.

The union representative must have the necessary access to IT facilities, including internet, to carry out his duties. The provision enters into force on 1 June 2021.

Subsection 4 Dismissal

The dismissal of a union representative must be justified by compelling reasons, and the employer is obliged to give the union representative a notice of termination totaling 4 months, and after 2 years as a union representative in the company in question, the notice of termination is a total of 6 months. If the dismissal is justified by a lack of work, the obligation to give notice shall lapse.

Subsection 5 Industrial disputes procedure

When a union representative has been elected in accordance with this agreement and has 1 year of uninterrupted seniority in the company, the individual's employment relationship, unless there is a shortage of work, cannot be terminated until the individual's organisation has had the opportunity to investigate the validity of the dismissal with industrial disputes procedure. However, this presupposes that the industrial disputes procedure begins within a week and is promoted as much as possible.

Subsection 6 Extended notice period for former union representatives

An employee who ceases to be a union representative after having worked as such for at least 1 year and who remains employed by the company is entitled to 4 weeks' notice in addition to the employee's individual notice if the employee is terminated within 3 months after the termination of the position of union representative. The extended notice shall apply only to former union representatives.

Subsection 7 Professional updating of former union representatives

An employee who ceases to be a union representative after having worked as such for a continuous period of at least 3 years and who is still employed at the company is entitled to a discussion with the company about the employee's need for professional updating. The discussion shall be held no later than one month from the end of the union representative's term of office and at the request of the employee. As part of the discussion, it shall be clarified whether there is a need for professional updating and how this updating should take place.

The employee receives a wage during the professional updating. It is a prerequisite that a refund for statutory loss of earnings can be granted for the training. Compensation for lost wages accrues to the company.

Subsection 8 Information meetings

The union representative has the right, by prior agreement with the employer, to hold an information meeting of up to one hour duration per quarter year - in special cases of up to 2 hours duration - however, a maximum of 6 hours per year. Meetings are held without loss of earnings in connection with the lunch break or at the end of working hours.

§ 39. Health and safety representatives

Subsection 1 Elections, dismissal, etc.

For health and safety representatives the same eligibility conditions, election procedures, remuneration and dismissal rules apply as for union representatives.

Refer also to the Working Environment Act and associated executive orders

Subsection 2 Access to IT

For the performance of their duties, health and safety representatives must have the same access to IT facilities as union representatives. The provision enters into force on 1 June 2021.

Subsection 3 Participation in the federation's relevant work environment courses

The health and safety representative may, in agreement with the employer, be given the necessary free time to participate in the federation's relevant working environment courses.

Authorisation to participation in the federation's work environment courses does not affect rights or obligations in relation to the work environment training stipulated by law. Participation in the federation's voluntary work environment courses does not trigger payment pursuant to section 10(1) of the Working Environment Act.

The provision will enter into force on 1 June 2021.

Subsection 4 Role and tasks of the health and safety representative

The role and tasks of the health and safety representative are set out in the provisions of the Working Environment Act.

The Parties agree that the role of the health and safety representative is crucial in the co-operation to ensure a good working environment and productive companies.

The subsequent withdrawal from the labour market increases the need to continuously create the best framework around a good working environment. The Parties agree that the health and safety representative is part of the systematic work on working conditions, including, among other things, the work on setting targets, APV, sick leave and accident prevention.

The health and safety representative shall help to highlight all aspects of the working environment.

The health and safety representative, in cooperation with management and the union representative, must insist that the strategic tasks are carried out under the auspices of the working environment organisation.

The health and safety representative must be involved in accident prevention through analysis and learning.

In all companies, regardless of size, systematic work environment work must be handled through cooperation between the employer, other employees, any union representatives and supervisors.

As part of daily operations, the collaboration takes place through ongoing and direct contact and dialogue between the employer, the employees, any union representatives and supervisors in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Working Environment Act.

Subsection 5 Time for tasks

The health and safety representative shall have time available to carry out his duties which is reasonable in relation to the nature of the company concerned and its safety and health standards. However, this must be done so that it is a minimum detraction from his productive work.

This means that the health and safety representative must be free to fulfil his duties under health and safety rules, including participation in meetings and training.

§ 40. Employee-elected board members

The same redundancy rules apply to the members and alternates elected by the employees as to union representative, cf. the Danish Companies Act.

CHAPTER 13 CONTINUING TRAINING AND SKILLS DEVELOPMENT

§ 41. Continuing training and skills development

Subsection 1 Improving employee competencies and corporate competitiveness

The Parties want to strengthen cooperation on training in the companies in order to improve the employees' competencies and the companies' competitiveness. The Parties therefore wish to strengthen the ability of employees to improve the level of training on their own request.

The Parties also agree that raising the level of competence of employees is a prerequisite for the competitiveness of companies and the continued growth of employment in Denmark.

Under the Agreement, employees without vocational training will have greater opportunities to be upgraded to a skilled level and have their competence clarified so that it becomes clear what the employee needs to become skilled. At the same time, this means strengthening training planning in the company.

A training boost can best be achieved if the employees, also while they are in employment, are given clarification about what competencies they have and how these can best be improved.

Subsection 2 Planning of training

It is recommended that continuous and systematic training planning be carried out for the company's employees. The training planning should include the preparation of a competence/training plan for the individual employee.

In order to support the training dialogue, the Parties agree to make themselves available so that the Works Council (secondary union representative/management) can request visits from the consultants of the organisations for assistance in launching the training dialogue. The visit can be requested at the request of either Party.

Subsection 3 Individual competence clarification, etc.

All employees have the right - with the necessary consideration for the company's conditions - to participate in individual competence clarification (IKA). The right to clarification is also given to whether they have sufficient basic literacy or numeracy skills.

The right to participate in relevant literacy or numeracy courses is granted. It is a condition for the exercise of this right that the Competence Development Fund bears the costs. The employee is paid the usual wage. Any public support and grants from the Competence Development Fund are granted to the company.

Subsection 4 Prior learning assessment

All employees have the right to be given time off - with the usual collectively agreed wage - to participate in prior learning assessment in relation to relevant vocational training. The prior learning assessment is carried out at a vocational school.

The employee has the right to carry out a prior learning assessment within 6 months of the request being made in writing to the company.

The costs of the prior learning assessment are covered by support from the Competence Development Fund and any loss of earnings compensation (e.g. VEU compensation).

Subsection 5 Agreed training

Employees who at the start of their training have 2 months' seniority in the company are entitled to free time – with the usual collectively agreed wage and participant payment paid – to participate in business-oriented skills development agreed between the company and the employee.

On the basis of a vocational training plan drawn up by the relevant vocational school, the non-vocationally trained employee must be offered upskilling to a skilled level in the relevant vocational field.

The training plan for the non-professional employee shall be drawn up on the basis of the prior learning assessment referred to in subsection 4.

During the upskilling to skilled worker, the employee receives the usual wage from the company (but not more than equal to the wage limit set by the competence fund). It is assumed that there is a public subsidy and subsidy from the Competence Development Fund, and that this goes to the company.

Subsection 6 Self-selected supplementary and continuing training

Employees with 9 months of seniority in the company are – subject to the company's necessary circumstances – entitled to 2 weeks' leave (10 working days) per year to participate in self-selected supplementary and continuing training. During this training, the company pays wages in accordance with rules laid down by the Board of Directors of the Competence Development Fund.

It is a prerequisite that the company is entitled to a grant, which is determined by the Board of Directors of the Competence Development Fund. The Board of Directors of the Competence Development Fund establishes a common positive list of course and continuing training opportunities covering the areas covered by the collective agreements.

Subsection 7 Training ambassadors

The Parties further agree to recommend that each company train an employee on 3F's training ambassador course to support the educational dialogue in the workplace.

If an employee so wishes, the union representative can assist the employee in the development of his/her competence/training plan. If the company has a training ambassador who is trained in 3F's training ambassador course, this individual is included.

If no union representative or training ambassador has been selected, employees have the right to be assisted by the local 3F branch.

Subsection 8 Continuing training in connection with being sent home

The employee can be sent home, provided the employee participates in the continuing training, due to weather conditions.

Continuing training must be agreed with the union representative. Where there is no union representative, being sent home is agreed with the local 3F branch. Registration for continuing training must be made before the employee has been sent home. It must be continuing training in which the participants are entitled to the VEU allowance.

During being sent home, the employee receives normal wage according to guidelines set by the Board of the Competence Development Fund.

After the course participation, the employee continues his employment with the company. Being sent home shall not be regarded as an interruption of employment.

Subsection 9 Driving licence for digital tachograph

The company pays the costs of acquisition/re-acquisition of driving licence provided that the expense can be reimbursed in the Parties' Competence Development Fund.

CHAPTER 14 LOCAL AGREEMENTS

§ 42. Local agreements

Local agreements are concluded between the employer and employees at the individual company. The local branches of the federation and the organisations can be called for negotiation.

Local agreements on wages and supplements to wages, and piecework and bonus systems, as well as customs and regulations can be terminated by both parties with two months' notice to the 1st of a month, unless an agreement on longer notice has been/will be made.

In the event of termination, each of the parties may cause local negotiations to be held, and insofar as agreement is not reached, as to have the matter dealt with at a mediation meeting or organisational meeting, cf. Rules for Dealing with Industrial Disputes.

If the termination is dealt with under trade union law, the parties are not released from the terminated local agreement until these general rules have been observed, even though the expiration date has passed.

§ 43. Deviating local agreements

The Parties to the Agreement state that they are in favour of the companies having local conditions that are suitable for specific local agreements to be concluded.

The company therefore has the right, by local agreement and within the framework of the unemployment insurance system, to supplement and deviate from the provisions of the Agreement regarding working hours as well as termination with regard to terminations of the employment of a temporary nature.

Deviating local agreements must be in writing and must be concluded with the local branch of 3F.

Deviating local agreements may be terminated with 2 months' notice to the end of a month.

CHAPTER 15 CONTROL

§ 44. Monitoring compliance with the Agreement

The organisations have – after prior contact with the employer – the right to have inspections carried out at the workplaces by their representatives with a view to compliance with the Agreement, and to assist in the holding of information meetings. During inspection visits, the member company must provide the names of all persons

employed by the company who perform work within the professional scope of the Agreement.

As regards employees of the company, the federation may be presented on a random basis with certificates of employment, the last pay slip and the work slips to the extent that they exist. If errors are found, further sampling may be carried out for the last year. Subsequently, a concrete agreement is reached on the extent to which further information is to be provided.

With regard to temporary workers (persons who are not employed by the member company in question, but who perform work under the member company's instruction authority and within the professional scope of the Agreement), the Parties agree that the member company has a duty to provide the name, address and CVR number of the temporary work agency used as well as the hourly rate agreed with the temporary work agency and the number of temporary workers at the time of inspection and one month back in time.

In their contracts with subcontractors, companies must always ensure that the subcontractor is aware of the Agreement and collectively agreed relations applicable to the user company.

The member company must, at the request of the local 3F branch/federation, provide sufficient information on the name, address, CVR number and enterprise for the contract in question as soon as possible, however, within a maximum of 72 hours.
(See Chapter 21: Protocol on the obligation to provide information on subcontractors).

If one of the Parties to the Agreement wants a further discussion regarding a specific subcontractor contract, including if there is a presumption that the subcontractor's employees do not have collectively agreed pay and employment terms, the matter can be dealt with at an organisational meeting, which must be held as expeditiously as possible.

Submission of missing/incorrect information can be the subject of the industrial dispute procedure.

CHAPTER 16 SUBCONTRACTORS AND TEMPORARY WORKERS

§ 45. Subcontractors

Subsection 1 Work performed by subcontractors

This provision concerns work under the Agreement carried out by subcontractors (subcontracted entrepreneurs) who are not covered by an agreement either directly or through membership of GLS-A.

The Parties agree to discourage circumvention of the Agreement. The question of circumvention can, as in the past, be dealt with under the industrial dispute procedure. The companies covered by the Agreement are not liable for any deterioration in the terms of pay of the subcontractor, etc.

Subsection 2 The aim

The aim is to ensure a level playing field for the industry so that the good and reputable companies covered by the Agreement do not reduce their competitiveness due to subversive companies, including those which reduce wages and employment conditions in this area through the use of subcontractors. In addition, the provision is intended to provide a framework for dialogue between organisations, thereby averting possible conflicts.

Subsection 3 Meeting

If 3F becomes aware of deterioration in the industry's collectively agreed conditions, 3F will contact GLS-A to discuss how equal conditions can be created in the industry. Such inquiries shall result in a meeting as soon as possible between the Parties to the Agreement.

Subsection 4 Information

The member company must, at the request of the local 3F branch/federation, provide sufficient information on the name, address, CVR number and enterprise for the contract in question as soon as possible, however, within a maximum of 72 hours.

Subsection 5 Confidentiality

All information must be treated confidentially and none of the information provided may be disclosed or made the subject of any publication.

Publication of names of specific companies covered by the Agreement presupposes the holding of the meeting mentioned in subsection 3. The federations are not thereby precluded from customarily initiating work stoppages for the purpose of concluding an agreement with companies not covered by the Agreement.

Subsection 6 When the federations conclude agreements

The federations undertake not to conclude an agreement with companies not covered by the Agreement on less favourable terms than those provided for in the Agreement. At GLS-A's request, the federation must submit a summary of the accession agreements concluded twice a year.

The companies covered by the Agreement must, in their agreement with subcontractors, ensure that the subcontractors are aware of the Agreement.

Subsection 7 Ongoing discussions

As part of the cooperation, the Parties agree to discuss the effect of this Agreement on an ongoing basis during the agreement period.

Subsection 8 Solidarity action

If a company not covered by the collective agreement working as a subcontractor for a GLS-A member company is affected by a legally notified or initiated main conflict in support of a collective agreement claim and a legal secondary action has been notified against a member company, 3F may contact GLS-A with a request for a meeting to discuss the matter. The meeting will be held no later than 7 working days after receipt of the request. Deviation from this deadline is permissible per agreement with the organisations. The meeting can discuss, among other things, the work affected by the secondary action. Similarly, GLS-A can contact the federation. All relevant background information is presented at the meeting or sent to the opposite party to the Agreement as soon as possible.

The Parties agree in such situations that the subcontractor may be admitted to GLS-A and covered by a collective agreement, even if a dispute has been notified or initiated.

§ 46. Temporary workers

Subsection 1 Admission of temporary work agencies

GLS-A admits companies that are temporary work agencies.

Subsection 2 Covered by applicable agreements

The employment of temporary workers in GLS-A's collective agreement areas is covered by existing agreements between the Parties. It also includes local agreements and customary agreements for the work.

Non-GLS-A member

Subsection 3 Regional Agreement

The Parties agree that the agreements between the organisations concerned are area agreements. All work at a member company that is performed within the professional scope of the collective agreements is covered by the collective agreements if it is performed by an employee or other person who is subject to the member company's managerial rights, e.g. a temporary worker, as opposed to an employee posted by a subcontractor and subject to his managerial rights.

Subsection 4 Membership of a DA organisation

GLS-A states that the agreements apply to those employees who are sent by a temporary work agency to work at a member company within the professional scope of the Agreement during the period of time that the temporary work extends over. However, this does not apply if the temporary worker is posted from a temporary work agency, which through the membership of a DA organisation is covered by a collective agreement that applies to the work in question. In its agreement with the temporary work agency, the member company must ensure that the temporary work agency has the necessary knowledge of the applicable agreements and collectively agreed conditions.

Other matters

Subsection 5 Seniority

As long as a temporary worker is employed by a temporary work agency, the temporary worker only earns seniority at the temporary work agency, and not at the user company.

However, if the temporary work agency worker has worked with the user company for at least 3 months without interruption, seniority shall be transferred from the temporary work agency to the user company, at the request of the temporary worker, in the following cases:

- the temporary work at the user company ceases due to lack of work at the user company, and within 10 working days after termination, the temporary worker becomes permanently employed at the user company or
- the temporary work agency worker is employed at the user company in direct extension of the temporary work.

Only seniority from the most recent working relationship in the user company is transferred.

Subsection 6 Clarification of whether an outside company performs temporary work

In order to quickly clarify whether specific cases involve temporary work, the union representative or the federation can request the user company to obtain information about external companies performing work for the user company that could otherwise naturally be performed by the user company's employees.

The request must be made in connection with the work of one or more external companies for the user company.

If, following the local exchange of information and discussion, there is still disagreement as to whether it is temporary work, the federation may request a clarifying meeting with GLS-A. Minutes of the local discussions shall be forwarded together with the meeting request

A clarifying meeting must be held as soon as possible and no later than 7 working days after receipt of the request at GLS-A. The meeting will be held at GLS-A, unless otherwise agreed between the Parties.

The meeting shall indicate at least the following:

- The external company name and CVR number (P-number) or RUT number.
- The name of the user company's contact person at the outside company.
- Description of the external company's tasks in the user company and the expected timetable for their solution.
- Description of the management and instructional powers towards the external company's employees.

The information can be presented orally at the clarifying meeting. A record of the meeting shall be written.

CHAPTER 17 OTHER PROVISIONS

§ 47. Health check for night workers

Employees employed as night workers must be offered a free health check before they start employment as night workers and within regular periods of a maximum of 2 years, cf. otherwise applicable legal provisions.

If the health check takes place outside the working hours of the employee concerned, the employer compensates for this.

It is not required that a doctor should carry out the health check. However, there must be a doctor who supervises the examination and who can be consulted in connection with the health check. The health check must be carried out by a person with occupational health qualifications.

§ 48. Seniors

Subsection 1 Senior interviews

The company is obliged to hold a senior interview annually with employees aged 58 or over. The senior interview can be part of the employee development interview.

Subsection 2 Senior rest days

The employee and the company can agree on a senior scheme from 5 years before the current state pension age for the employee.

In the senior scheme, the employee can choose to use the payment to the free-choice account to finance senior rest days.

If the employee wants additional senior rest days, this can be done by converting all or part of the pension contribution into senior rest days. A maximum proportion of the pension contribution may be converted to cover the insurance scheme, health insurance contributions and administrative costs. The converted pension contribution is inserted into the employee's free-choice account.

The conversion in a senior scheme does not change the existing collective bargaining basis and is thus cost-neutral for the company. The converted pension contribution is not eligible for holiday pay. It is not possible for the individual employee to combine the conversion of pension funds with the use of his or her own funds.

A maximum of 32 senior rest days per calendar year can be taken, regardless of whether the funding is through the free-choice account or through the conversion of pension contributions. Senior rest days are held without pay, but the employee can receive an amount equal to the usual salary from the free choice account.

The employee must notify the company in writing by 1 November as to whether the employee wishes to be part of a senior scheme in the coming calendar year and, if so, how much of the pension contribution he or she wishes to convert. This selection is binding on the employee and will continue in the following calendar years. However, each year before 1 November, the employee can notify the company if changes are desired for the coming calendar year. In the first year of the senior scheme, the conversion takes place from and including the pay period in which the employee is 5 years from the current state pension age.

The scheduling of senior rest days takes place taking into account the company's operations and according to the same rules that apply to the scheduling of special holidays.

The increased flexibility must be cost neutral for the company.

CHAPTER 18 FUNDS

§ 49. The FIU Training Fund

A contribution of 18.5 øre per hour worked is paid to the Trade Union's Internal Training (FIU). The amount is collected under a separate agreement and allocated at 3/4 to FH and 1/4 to GLS-A.

§ 50. Agricultural Training Fund

The Agricultural Training Fund pays 10 øre per hour worked by the employees employed at the company.

For companies that have acceded to the agreements concluded between GLS-A and 3F and which are not members of GLS-A, a contribution of 40 øre per hour is paid to the Agricultural Training Fund for the employees employed at the company.

The funds in the Agricultural Training Fund are used to finance the operation of the Vocational Training Committee for Agriculture. The Fund's receipt of the funds collected may not exceed 75% of the operating costs of the Vocational Training Committee for Agriculture (defined as labour costs, secretarial expenses, etc.).

§ 51. Competence Development Fund for Agriculture

A skills development fund (The Development Fund for Agriculture) has been established. The Board of Directors of the Fund is composed jointly from 3F and GLS-A. 3F appoints the Chairman of the Board of Directors. The Competence Fund has a secretariat at GLS-A.

The scheme is financed by the company's paying in DKK 780 per year per full-time employee.

The contribution to the Development Fund for Agriculture is increased per 1 January 2022 to DKK 862 per full-time employee per year.

§ 52. The Fund for Training, Working Environment and Cooperation

The company allocates 45 øre per worked hour for the development of training, working environment and co-operation conditions, including the union representative institution within the area of the collective agreement.

The funds are collected and paid into the GLS-A – 3F Competence Development Fund. The detailed rules for the use of the funds are determined by the board of the Competence Development Fund.

Newly admitted members of GLS-A can demand that the contribution to the Fund for Training, Working Environment and Cooperation lapse during the first 2 years of membership of GLS-A. Contributions are paid normally after this point.

CHAPTER 19 AGREEMENTS, TRADE UNION LAW AND PERIOD OF VALIDITY

§ 53. General Agreement

The General Agreement between the Association of Agricultural Employers' Associations (SALA) and the Danish Confederation of Trade Unions (LO) is applicable to this Agreement.

§ 54. Cooperation Agreement

The Cooperation Agreement between the Association of Agricultural Employers' Associations (SALA) and the Danish Confederation of Trade Unions (LO) is applicable to this Agreement.

§ 55. Organisation agreements

In addition, organisation agreements have been concluded between the Parties, which include EU directives, rules for dealing with industrial disputes as well as agreements on inspection measures, equal pay, animal welfare in the event of labour disputes, co-operation forums, etc. The Agricultural Organisation Agreements are available at www.gls-a.dk and www.3f.dk.

§ 56. Rules for dealing with industrial disputes

Regarding rules for dealing with industrial disputes refer to the Agricultural Organisation Agreements.

§ 57. Duration of the Agreement

This Agreement shall remain in force until the termination of the Agreement in accordance with the rules in force at any time on 1 March, but not earlier than 1 March 2024.

Copenhagen, 23 February 2021

For GLS-A

For Fagligt Fælles Forbund (3F)

Helle Reedtz-Thott

Peter Kaae Holm

CHAPTER 20 PROTOCOLS

Protocol on offsetting

Offsetting is permitted in non-collectively agreed supplements, personal allowances and the like.

Protocol on occupational pensions and pension phasing-in

Subsection 1 Mandatory pension scheme

Occupational pension is mandatory for employees covered by collective agreement concluded between the Parties. The purpose of the scheme is to insure the individual - and his or her possible survivors in the event of disability, retirement or death.

The Parties agree that the funds of the scheme shall be invested in such a way as to maximize returns, taking into account reassuring security and maintaining the real value of the funds. The investments must be determined by objective, business considerations.

Subsection 2 PensionDanmark

PensionDanmark administers the pension scheme.

Subsection 3 Pension contributions

The scheme is mandatory and covers all employees who are covered by a collective agreement concluded between the Parties, who have reached the age of 18 and who have worked under an agreement between the Parties to the Agreement for at least 3 months. However, employees who can prove that they have been covered by an occupational pension scheme in connection with their previous employment relationship are covered by this scheme from the time of employment.

The pension contribution is 12.99% of the holiday-entitled pay plus public holiday and days off payment and free-choice account.

The breakdown of contributions is as follows:

Employer contributions	Employee contributions	Total
8.66%	4.33%	12.99%

The pension contribution is paid monthly to PensionDanmark.

Contribution is settled up to and including the last wage payment in the month. The employee has the right to increase his or her own contribution to the pension scheme.

Health disclosures are not required in connection with joining the scheme.

Subsection 4 Early retirement, state pension, etc.

If the employee is still in employment after the current state pension age, the company is obliged to pay an amount corresponding to the company's pension contribution until the employee resigns.

It is agreed between the employee and the company whether the amount should be paid to the employee as wage or whether the amount should continue to be paid into the pension scheme as pension contributions.

The same rule applies to employees who for other reasons receive pension payments from PensionDanmark, e.g. early retirees and employees who receive supplementary early retirement pension from PensionDanmark.

The organisations recommend that employees who are covered by the above provision contact PensionDanmark for guidance.

Subsection 5 Health care scheme

Employees are covered by a health care scheme through PensionDanmark. The scheme is financed through the pension contribution.

Subsection 6 Phasing-in of pension

Newly appointed members of GLS-A who, prior to enrolment, have not established a pension scheme for employees or who for these employees have a pension scheme with a lower pension contribution, may demand that the contribution to PensionDanmark be determined as follows:

- From the date of the company's membership of the employers' association, 25% of the pension contribution applicable at that time is paid.
- Within one year of joining the employers' association, the pension contribution shall be increased to 50% of the pension contribution applicable at that time.
- Two years after joining the employers' association, the pension contribution is increased to 75% of the pension contribution at that time.
- Three years after joining the employers' association, the pension contribution is increased to the current pension contribution agreed in the Agreement.

If the collectively agreed contributions are increased during the period, the company's contribution shall be increased proportionately so that the above proportion of the collectively agreed contributions is paid into a pension at all times.

Subsection 7 Company pension scheme

Newly admitted members of GLS-A who have established a company pension scheme prior to joining may demand that the existing company pension scheme for employees employed at the time of joining replaces payment to PensionDanmark.

The contribution to the company pension scheme must at all times be at least equal to the collectively agreed contributions to PensionDanmark.

The company pension scheme cannot be extended to employees who are hired after the company's registration in GLS-A. For these employees, the collectively agreed pension contributions are paid to PensionDanmark.

It is a prerequisite for the continuation of a company pension scheme that it has existed for 3 years prior to the company's accession to GLS-A. A list of the employees concerned shall be drawn up, which shall enter the federation immediately after joining GLS-A. These employees are free to choose to leave the existing depository intact and start new savings in PensionDanmark or to transfer their depository to PensionDanmark and continue the

pension payment to their new depository in PensionDanmark or continue with payment into the existing depository. Employees must be informed of differences in the pension schemes in the two schemes.

Employees can at any time go from payment to the previous scheme to payment to PensionDanmark.

Protocol on converting and escalating free-choice account

Newly admitted member companies that have not established a free choice account or similar scheme prior to enrolment, or that have a free choice account or similar scheme with lower contributions, can join the free choice account of the Agreement in accordance with the rules below.

The companies can deduct from the employee's wages the contribution applicable at the time of registration, less 4.0%. However, the company will not be able to pay an hourly wage less than the standard wage rate.

From the registration, the companies are obliged to pay contributions to the free choice account less 4.0%, as well as contributions according to the escalation scheme below. If the company does not wish to escalate, the full contribution is paid.

In the case of the 4.0%, newly joined members may require escalating as follows:

- By no later than date of registration, the company must pay 1.0% in contributions to the free-choice account.
- Within one year, the company must pay 2.0% in contributions.
- Within 2 years, the company must pay 3.0% in contributions.
- Within 3 years, the company must pay 4.0% in contributions.

The savings scheme cannot be used to reduce existing contributions.

Any free-choice account or equivalent arrangement existing at the entry time ceases and is replaced by the free-choice account of the Agreement.

Protocol on employment on terms similar to salaried employees

The organisations recommend that those companies which, for certain employees with more than 9 months' seniority, wish to introduce employment conditions similar to those enjoyed by salaried employees preferably do so in accordance with the guidelines set out in this protocol. The question of the introduction or abrogation of agreements on terms similar to salaried employees can be dealt with under the industrial dispute procedure, but only at a negotiation meeting.

Employment relationships on terms similar to a salaried position can be agreed individually with employees who perform specially trusted/qualified work. Agreements on employment on terms similar to a salaried position are only valid if they are drawn up in writing.

The organisations jointly draw up a form to be used for contracts for employment on terms similar to a salaried position. After signing, the employment form may be required to be submitted to the respective organisation.

Wage

The wage must express the individual employee's qualifications, responsibilities, effort and skill.

Once a year, the wage of the individual is assessed, and any adjustment is made. The time of adjustment may be the same as for salaried employees employed at the company.

Disagreements regarding wage levels or wage adjustment can be dealt with under trade union law in accordance with the rules of the Agreement.

In the case of employment on terms similar to a salaried position, the hourly wage is converted into monthly pay at the applicable hourly rate, currently 160.33. The wage is paid on the same dates as the company's salaried employees.

Seniority

Seniority in employment on terms similar to a salaried position is calculated from the 1st of the month in which the agreement enters into force.

Termination

In the event of termination, the length of the notice of termination for both parties is calculated in accordance with the rules in section 2 of the Salaried Employees Act.

The Parties agree that the length of notice periods may not be shorter than those obtained under the Agreement when transitioned to employment on terms similar to salaried employee terms.

It may be agreed in the individual contract that the employee may be terminated with one month's notice until resignation at the end of a month, when he or she has received wage during sickness for a total of 120 days within a period of 12 months. The validity of the dismissal is conditional on it taking place in immediate connection with the expiry of the 120 sick days, and while the person in question is still sick, whereas the validity is not affected by the employee returning to work after the dismissal has taken place.

Working hours

The working time, including any overtime, shifts and staggered time, together with payment thereof, shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Agreement.

Holiday

When employed on terms similar to a salaried position, holidays with pay or leave with holiday allowance are taken, cf. Section 16 of the Danish Holiday Act.

Public holidays

Full pay is given on public holidays and other non-working days.

Sickness

The company pays full wages during sickness.

Other provisions

Employees employed on terms similar to a salaried position are subject to the following provisions of the Salaried Employees Act:

- 2a - Severance pay
- 2b - Rules on unfair dismissal
- 8 - Residual pay on death
- 16 - Free time to look for a job and
- 17a - Share in profits

Unless otherwise stated in this protocol or in the employment agreement worked out between the parties, the employee is covered by the rules in the Agreement.

Industrial dispute procedure

Any disagreements concerning the understanding of the individual agreements or of these guidelines shall be dealt with in accordance with the rules of the Agreement for dealing with industrial disputes.

If the company wishes to be released from an agreement on employment on terms similar to salaried employees with a single employee, or if the individual employee wishes to be released, this can be done with the notice of termination applicable with the employee in question.

After the expiry of the above notices, the employee is considered to be covered by the applicable agreement only.

Existing agreements on employment on terms similar to a salaried position may be rewritten in accordance with these guidelines by agreement between the local parties.

Protocol on the code of conduct for agreements with foreign employees

Between the Parties to the Agreement, it is agreed that it may be appropriate for foreign employees that the company provides housing, transport, etc. for employees during their stay in Denmark.

At the same time, the Parties to the Agreement agree that it must be voluntary for employees to conclude an agreement with the company on the purchase of services in connection with the employment relationship, and that according to the Parties' understanding it will be contrary to the agreements concluded between GLS-A and 3F to stipulate employment of the employees entering into such an agreement.

Further to this, the Parties agree that, following the conclusion of a voluntary agreement with the company on the purchase of services, employees should be given the opportunity to terminate the agreement with one month's notice to the end of a month, unless a shorter term of notice is agreed.

If GLS-A's member companies conclude such voluntary agreements with their foreign employees, there is agreement between the Parties to the Agreement that it is natural that the payment for the services can be deducted in connection with the wage payment.

Protocol on the obligation to provide information on subcontractors

According to the Agreements between 3F and GLS-A, GLS-A's member companies must, at the request of the local 3F branch or the federation, provide sufficient information on the name, address, CVR number and enterprise for the contract in question as soon as possible, however, within a maximum of 72 hours.

The Parties agree on the following understanding of time limit etc. of this provision:

The local 3F branch or the federation may at any time request the said information regarding subcontractors.

The request for information should be made in writing by letter, e-mail or similar so that the applicant can prove that the request has been made.

The time limit for the submission of information on subcontractors of 72 hours shall be calculated from the time at which the request has been received.

If a request has been received after 15.00, the deadline is calculated at 72 hours from the next working day at 08.00.

All days of the week are included when the deadline of 72 hours is to be calculated, except for periods with public holidays, where there are less than 72 hours between two weekdays (Monday to Friday). In that case, the deadline is 24 hours from 8:00 a.m. on the first working day after the deadline.

Requests for information relating to subcontractors shall be based on a factual need and must not be misused for purposes of harassment. Allegations of harassment shall not have suspensory effect in relation to the obligation to provide information.

Protocol on cooperation in companies on green conversion, etc.

The Parties recognize that companies are facing profound changes in the context of the green transition, with a changing labour market, with the introduction of new technology and with subsequent withdrawal.

The many new challenges increase the need for collaboration at all levels between managers and employees and at all types of companies. The Parties agree on the intention of involving employees in maintaining and developing the adaptability and innovation capacity of companies, including, inter alia, in discussing the need for new skills and continuous upskilling. The introduction of new technology leads to an increased focus on continuing training and adaptability.

In order for companies to be well equipped also to take advantage of the opportunities in the green transition, including the potentials of the green transition in a global market, there is an ever-growing need for the company's employees to remain at the forefront of the challenges that new tasks present. Ambitious climate goals require the use and development of new technologies that are essential for the company's competitiveness, employment, as well as working environment and job satisfaction.

In all types of companies, with or without elected employee representatives and cooperation bodies, it will be natural to ensure a dialogue and exchange of ideas about these challenges between management and employees and, by extension, determine how the cooperation on this will take place in the future.

Agreement on data protection

GLS-A and 3F - Den Grønne Gruppe (The Green Group) agree that provisions in collective agreements and the processing of cases relating thereto must be interpreted and handled with in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation (EU 2016/679), applicable in Denmark from 25 May 2018.

GLS-A and 3F Den Grønne Gruppe (The Green Group) agree that the implementation of the General Data Protection Regulation must ensure that the current practice of collecting, storing, processing and disclosing personal data in accordance with the employment and labour law obligations can continue.

Agreement on employment on special terms for employees with reduced working capacity

In the case of employees who have difficulty gaining a connection to the labor market and who either permanently or temporarily have a reduced working capacity, an agreement may be made locally regarding working conditions, including reduced working hours and/or a lower pay, that deviate from the provisions otherwise stated in this Agreement.

An agreement on employment on special terms is entered into between the company, the employee and the local 3F branch.

CHAPTER 21 WAGES

Wage document for poultry production (hatcheries)

Section 1 Wage + general function supplement

- a. The hourly wage for employees with less than 1 year of experience in poultry production is

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 141.08	DKK 7.20	DKK 148.28
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 144.28	DKK 7.20	DKK 151.48
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 147.43	DKK 7.20	DKK 154.63

- b. The hourly wage for employees with more than 1 year of experience in poultry production is:

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 144.32	DKK 7.20	DKK 151.52
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 147.52	DKK 7.20	DKK 154.72
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 150.67	DKK 7.20	DKK 157.87

- c. Employees who manage a department and deputies are paid as group b + supplement by agreement.

- d. A supplement of DKK 4.50 per hour is paid to skilled employees and employees equated with skilled employees.

Section 2 Seniority supplement

Employees who have been continuously employed for the past year are granted a seniority supplement per week of DKK 45.31

Section 3 Overtime pay

For the first and 2nd hours after normal daily working hours (+30%)

A-group	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 183.40	DKK 7.20	DKK 190.60
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 187.56	DKK 7.20	DKK 194.76
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 191.66	DKK 7.20	DKK 198.86

B-group	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 187.62	DKK 7.20	DKK 194.82
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 191.78	DKK 7.20	DKK 198.98
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 195.87	DKK 7.20	DKK 203.07

For the 3rd hour after normal daily working hours (+50%)

A-group	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 211.62	DKK 7.20	DKK 218.82
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 216.42	DKK 7.20	DKK 223.62
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 221.15	DKK 7.20	DKK 228.35

B-group	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 216.48	DKK 7.20	DKK 223.68
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 221.28	DKK 7.20	DKK 228.48
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 226.01	DKK 7.20	DKK 233.21

Subsequent hours and for Sundays and public holidays (+100%)

A-group	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 282.16	DKK 7.20	DKK 289.36
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 288.56	DKK 7.20	DKK 295.76
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 294.86	DKK 7.20	DKK 302.06

B-group	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 288.64	DKK 7.20	DKK 295.84
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 295.04	DKK 7.20	DKK 302.24
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 301.34	DKK 7.20	DKK 308.54

Section 4 On-call duty in hatcheries

a. For on-call duty outside normal working hours, the following amounts are granted per on-call hour.

Weekdays

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 27.30
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 27.74
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 28.18

Sundays and public holidays and rest days

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 37.84
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 38.45
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 39.07

b. In the event of a call, overtime pay is paid starting at the lowest rates instead of the availability supplement for the effective working hours, cf. Section 3.

c. This Agreement does not prevent the supervisors and the like from continuing to perform on-call duty where the remuneration has been agreed between the persons in question and the employer.

Wage document for raw materials suppliers

Section 1 Wage

a. The normal hourly wage is

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 141.76	DKK 7.20	DKK 148.96
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 144.96	DKK 7.20	DKK 152.16
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 148.11	DKK 7.20	DKK 155.31

The hourly wage for driving lorries, feed tankers, trucks, tractors and work in mixing, drying and dry working

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 145.35	DKK 7.20	DKK 152.55
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 148.55	DKK 7.20	DKK 155.75
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 151.70	DKK 7.20	DKK 158.90

A supplement is granted to skilled employees and employees equated with skilled employees of DKK 4.50.

- b. In the event that the company undertakes driving with liquid ammonia, negotiations are concluded between the organisations on payment for this. When driving with liquid ammonia, the applicable safety regulations must be observed, and clear and distinct instructions must be given.
- c. Any employee who has been engaged in dry pickling for a season is obliged to go to a doctor and be examined after the end of the season. This examination is paid for by the employer.

Section 2 Overtime pay

For the 1st, 2nd and 3rd hour after the end of normal working hours (+40%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 198.46	DKK 7.20	DKK 205.66
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 202.94	DKK 7.20	DKK 210.14
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 207.35	DKK 7.20	DKK 214.55

For the hour before the start of normal working hours (+50%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 212.64	DKK 7.20	DKK 219.84
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 217.44	DKK 7.20	DKK 224.64
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 222.17	DKK 7.20	DKK 229.37

Thus, when work has been done in the morning, in the event of continued overtime on the same day, the first two overtime hours after the end of normal working hours are settled at (+40%) and the following hours (+100%).

For overtime in addition to this, as well as work on Sundays and public holidays (+100%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 283.52	DKK 7.20	DKK 290.72
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 289.92	DKK 7.20	DKK 297.12
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 296.22	DKK 7.20	DKK 303.42

Section 3 Seniority supplement

a. The employees are granted seniority supplements for employment in the same company as follows:

After 1 year of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 184.40
After 3 years of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 230.41
After 5 years of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 257.00

b. For interruption in the work period, the following rules apply:

If an employee resigns after giving notice of their own volition, earned seniority is forfeited.

However, in cases where an employee is dismissed but re-employed after a period not exceeding 6 months, the employee retains the seniority obtained at the time of termination.

In the event of dismissal that has an uninterrupted duration of more than 6 months, the previously acquired seniority lapses.

Interruption in seniority does not include absence due to injury or sickness, if such has been notified to the company before the course of the first day of sickness, as well as re-enlistment in military service.

Wage document for carrot packing plants and asparagus centres

Section 1 Wage

a. The normal hourly wage is

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 141.76	DKK 7.20	DKK 148.96
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 144.96	DKK 7.20	DKK 152.16
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 148.11	DKK 7.20	DKK 155.31

b. For driving with truck, a supplement is paid per hour for the time driven

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 6.18
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 6.28
per 1 March 2023	DKK 6.38

Section 2 Supplement for skilled workers

A supplement is granted to skilled employees and employees equated with skilled employees per hour DKK 4.50

Section 3 Seniority supplement

Employees who have been continuously employed for the past year are granted a seniority supplement per week of DKK 45.31

Section 4 Overtime pay

For the 1st and 2nd hour after the end of normal working hours (+30%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 184.29	DKK 7.20	DKK 191.49
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 188.45	DKK 7.20	DKK 195.65
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 192.54	DKK 7.20	DKK 199.74

For the 3rd hour after the end of normal working hours (+80%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 255.17	DKK 7.20	DKK 262.37
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 260.93	DKK 7.20	DKK 268.13
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 266.60	DKK 7.20	DKK 273.80

For overtime in addition to this, as well as work on Sundays and public holidays (+100%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 283.52	DKK 7.20	DKK 290.72
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 289.92	DKK 7.20	DKK 297.12
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 296.22	DKK 7.20	DKK 303.42

Section 5 Driver's wage

a. Hourly wage for drivers

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 145.35	DKK 7.20	DKK 152.55
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 148.55	DKK 7.20	DKK 155.75
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 151.70	DKK 7.20	DKK 158.90

b. For driving a truck with a trailer or semi-trailer subject to registration (turntable), a supplement is paid per hour to the driver of

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 6.54
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 6.64
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 6.75

c. For long journeys, the driver is paid, insofar as the journeys are not completed before 13.00, an amount per day of

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 57.41
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 58.33
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 59.26

If such a trip is not completed before 17.00, additional money is granted

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 39.14
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 39.77
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 40.41

Section 6 Gloves and aprons

The employees are given the necessary work gloves and aprons. Employees are responsible for issued materials, but not in the event of theft.

Wage document for potato flour factories

Section 1 Wage

The normal hourly wage is

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 144.32	DKK 7.20	DKK 151.52
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 147.52	DKK 7.20	DKK 154.72
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 150.67	DKK 7.20	DKK 157.87

Section 2 Supplement for skilled workers

A supplement is granted to skilled employees and employees equated with skilled employees per hour DKK 4.50

Section 3 Overtime pay

For the 1st and 2nd hour after normal working hours (+30%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 187.62	DKK 7.20	DKK 194.82
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 191.78	DKK 7.20	DKK 198.98
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 195.87	DKK 7.20	DKK 203.07

For the 3rd hour after normal working hours (+50%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 216.48	DKK 7.20	DKK 223.68
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 221.28	DKK 7.20	DKK 228.48
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 226.01	DKK 7.20	DKK 233.21

For overtime beyond this, as well as work on Sundays and holidays (+100%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 288.64	DKK 7.20	DKK 295.84
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 295.04	DKK 7.20	DKK 302.24
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 301.34	DKK 7.20	DKK 308.54

Section 4 Seniority supplement

a. The full-time employees are paid the following seniority supplements to the collective bargaining wages as follows:

After 1 year of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 155.91
After 3 years of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 210.90
After 5 years of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 230.41

Offsetting is permitted where personal supplements are granted.

b. The following rules apply to interruption of the work period:

If an employee resigns after giving notice of their own volition, earned seniority is forfeited. For those employees who are only employed in the campaign, the employment of an entire campaign is considered equal to one year of seniority.

Interruption in seniority does not include absence due to injury or sickness, if such has been notified to the company before the course of the first day of sickness, as well as re-enlistment in military service.

During absence due to sickness or injury, no seniority supplement shall be granted.

Section 5 Campaign supplement

1. Campaign	DKK 0.00
2. Campaign	
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 1,304.67
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 1,325.54
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 1,346.75
3. Campaign	
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 1,564.99
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 1,590.03
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 1,615.47
4. Campaign	
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 1,693.45
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 1,720.55
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 1,748.08

This campaign supplement includes not only full-time employees, but also those employees who come to work in the campaign year after year.

The campaign supplement is paid at the end of a campaign, and if an employee resigns during a campaign, the employee receives a proportionate share of the said supplement.

Section 6 Supplementary payments

a. The following work is paid with a supplement of 25%:

- Manufacture of waste flour,
- cleaning of amniotic fluid tanks,
- relocation of amniotic fluid pipes,
- cleaning of the settling pond and
- head cleaning at the end of the campaign.

b. Employees are given waterproof clothing when changing sieves and cleaning, as well as caring for irrigation systems

Wage document for potato sorting centres

Section 1 Wage

a. The normal hourly wage is incl. driver and truck supplements

	Hourly wage	General Hourly wage function supplement	including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 144.22	DKK 7.20	DKK 151.42
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 147.42	DKK 7.20	DKK 154.62
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 150.57	DKK 7.20	DKK 157.77

b. Employees who supervise the sorting and packing of larger machines are remunerated according to wage group A plus supplement by agreement.

Section 2 Supplement for skilled workers

A supplement is granted to skilled employees and employees equated with skilled employees per hour DKK 4.50

Section 3 Overtime pay

For the 1st and 2nd hour after the end of normal working hours (+30%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 187.49	DKK 7.20	DKK 194.69
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 191.65	DKK 7.20	DKK 198.85
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 195.74	DKK 7.20	DKK 202.94

For overtime in addition as well as work on Sundays and public holidays (+100%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 288.44	DKK 7.20	DKK 295.64
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 294.84	DKK 7.20	DKK 302.04
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 301.14	DKK 7.20	DKK 308.34

Section 4 Seniority supplement

a. The employees are granted seniority supplements for employment in the same company as follows:

After 1 year of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 184.29
After 3 years of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 230.41
After 5 years of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 257.00

An entire season's employment is considered equal to one seniority year. Offsetting is permitted where personal supplements are granted.

b. For interruption in the work period, the following rules apply:

If an employee resigns after giving notice of their own volition, earned seniority is forfeited. However, in cases where an employee is dismissed but re-employed after a

period not exceeding 6 months, the employee retains the seniority obtained at the time of termination. In the event of dismissal that has an uninterrupted duration of more than 6 months, the previously acquired seniority lapses. Interruption in seniority does not include absence due to injury or sickness, if such has been notified to the company before the course of the first day of sickness, as well as re-enlistment in military service.

During absence due to sickness or injury, no seniority supplement shall be granted.

Section 5 Supplementary payments

- a. On request, the potato variety centres provide aprons and gloves. Employees are responsible for issued materials, but not in the event of theft.
- b. For sorting work in insufficiently heated packing rooms, a local agreement is made for sufficiently warm clothing.

Section 6 Rest days

- a. May 1st is a rest day from 12:00 noon

Urgent overtime may, however, be required to be performed, but in that case be paid with hourly wages plus the usual overtime percentages.

- b. Christmas Eve and New Year's Eve are rest days.

Urgent overtime may, however, be required to be performed, but in that case must be paid with hourly wages plus a supplement of 100%.

Wage document for alfalfa and grass drying facilities

Section 1 Wage

Hourly wage in daytime operation

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 144.32	DKK 7.20	DKK 151.52
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 147.52	DKK 7.20	DKK 154.72
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 150.67	DKK 7.20	DKK 157.87

A supplement of DKK 4.50 per hour is paid to skilled employees and employees equated with skilled employees.

Section 2 Overtime pay

For the first and 2nd hours after normal daily working hours (+30%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 187.62	DKK 7.20	DKK 194.82
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 191.78	DKK 7.20	DKK 198.98
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 195.87	DKK 7.20	DKK 203.07

For overtime in addition as well as work on Sundays and public holidays (+80%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 259.78	DKK 7.20	DKK 266.98
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 265.54	DKK 7.20	DKK 272.74
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 271.21	DKK 7.20	DKK 278.41

Section 3 Seniority supplement

Employees' seniority supplements for employment in the same company are granted as follows:

After 1 year of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 173.66
After 3 years of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 230.41
After 5 years of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 248.16

An entire season's employment is considered equal to one seniority year. Offsetting is permitted where personal supplements are granted.

Section 4 Additional payments, etc.

a. The employee who supervises the operation of the dryer is paid a supplement per hour as long as this function lasts.

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 13.06
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 13.27
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 13.48

The same supplement is granted to an employee who is required to perform the function of a manager or team manager.

b. Where annoying dust occurs when loading pellets in trucks, a supplement is granted per hour of

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 7.83
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 7.96
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 8.09

c. Manual cleaning of dust filter is paid with a supplement for cleaning up to 10 minutes duration

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 20.88
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 21.21
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 21.55

If a longer time is required for filter cleaning, the supplement is of

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 33.96
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 34.50
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 35.05

Dust masks should be available for this work.

d. For employees employed in outdoor work, the dryers supply rubber coating clothing. For employees engaged in tilting, work gloves, coveralls and, if necessary, a face shield are provided. Employees are responsible for issued materials, but not in the event of theft.

Wage document for mink feed centers

Section 1 Wage

Hourly wage, incl. dirt, cold storage or driver supplement

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 145.35	DKK 7.20	DKK 152.55
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 148.55	DKK 7.20	DKK 155.75
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 151.70	DKK 7.20	DKK 158.90

Section 2 Supplement for skilled workers

A supplement is granted to skilled employees and employees equated with skilled employees per hour DKK 4.50

Section 3 Overtime pay

For the 1st and 2nd hour after the end of normal working hours (+30%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 188.96	DKK 7.20	DKK 196.16
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 193.12	DKK 7.20	DKK 200.32
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 197.21	DKK 7.20	DKK 204.41

For subsequent overtime hours until 20.00, as well as work on Sundays and public holidays until 12:00 p.m. (+80%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 261.63	DKK 7.20	DKK 268.83
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 267.39	DKK 7.20	DKK 274.59
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 273.06	DKK 7.20	DKK 280.26

For night work, calculated from 8:00 p.m. and to the beginning of normal working hours, as well as for work on Sundays and public holidays after 12:00 p.m. (+100%)

	Hourly wage incl. % supplement	General function supplement	Total per overtime
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 290.70	DKK 7.20	DKK 297.90
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 297.10	DKK 7.20	DKK 304.30
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 303.40	DKK 7.20	DKK 310.60

Section 4 Seniority supplement

a. Employees' seniority supplements for employment in the same company are granted as follows:

After 1 year of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 184.40
After 3 years of uninterrupted employment per week	DKK 239.27

Offsetting is permitted where personal supplements are granted.

b. Interruptions during the work period.

Interruptions during the work period with the effect that the acquired seniority lapses are in principle only such interruptions which are caused by the employee's termination of employment.

In cases where an employee is dismissed but re-employed after a period not exceeding 6 months, the person in question retains the seniority obtained at the time of termination.

In the event of dismissal that has an uninterrupted duration of more than 6 months, the previously acquired seniority lapses.

During periods of sickness, in the event of incapacity for work due to injury at work and during military recalls, the seniority obtained at the time of interruption from the employer in question is maintained, regardless of the duration of the period, the periods of absence not being calculated as seniority.

Section 5 Clothing

Gloves and aprons are issued to the employed employees. The clothing necessary for cold room work, such as sweaters, hats and clogs, is provided by the employer, and otherwise what the Working Environment Act prescribes.

Employees are responsible for issued materials, but not in the event of theft.

Wage document for other agro-industrial companies

These wage regulations cover all work in other industrial enterprises within the agro-aqua-food area, i.e. enterprises that supply to or receive from the agricultural sector or process/produce/transport animal or vegetable products or perform work in connection therewith.

Section 1 Hourly wage

Employees with less than 1 year of practical experience after the age of 18

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 138.92	DKK 7.20	DKK 146.12
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 142.12	DKK 7.20	DKK 149.32
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 145.27	DKK 7.20	DKK 152.47

Employees with at least 1 year of practical experience after the age of 18, as well as employees with vocational training with less than 1 year of practical experience after completion of training.

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 143.21	DKK 7.20	DKK 150.41
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 146.41	DKK 7.20	DKK 153.61
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 149.56	DKK 7.20	DKK 156.76

Employees with vocational training with more than 1 year of practical experience after graduation.

	Hourly wage	General function supplement	Hourly wage including supplement
as of 1 March 2021	DKK 145.21	DKK 7.20	DKK 152.41
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 148.41	DKK 7.20	DKK 155.61
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 151.56	DKK 7.20	DKK 158.76

Section 2 Supplement for skilled workers

A supplement is granted to skilled employees and employees equated with skilled employees per hour DKK 4.50

Section 3 Overtime pay

For overtime on weekdays, the following supplements are paid:

1st and 2nd clock hours after normal working hours

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 42.62
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 43.30
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 43.99

3rd and 4th clock hours after normal working hours

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 67.91
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 69.00
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 70.10

5th clock hour and then until the beginning of normal working hours

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 127.02
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 129.05
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 131.11

For overtime prior to normal working hours, so that work is done during normal working hours, both for daytime work and for shifted shifts, when the overtime is within the period at 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m..

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 42.62
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 43.30
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 43.99

Overtime prior to normal working hours when the overtime is within the period from 6:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m..

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 127.02
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 129.05
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 131.11

If an employee is required to perform work on a previously assured full weekday rest day the following supplement is paid:

Hours between 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 67.91
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 69.00
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 70.10

Hours between 18:00 and 6:00 a.m..

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 127.02
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 129.05
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 131.11

For work on Sundays and public holidays, the following supplements are paid:

From the beginning of the normal working hours until 12:00 noon

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 84.67
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 86.02
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 87.40

From 12:00 p.m. and until the beginning of normal working hours.

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 127.02
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 129.05
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 131.11

Sunday morning prior to the start of normal working hours.

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 127.02
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 129.05
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 131.11

If an employee is told to work during the meal break, and the meal break is thereby postponed beyond ½ hour, this is paid at:

as of 1 March 2021	DKK 30.07
as of 1 March 2022	DKK 30.55
as of 1 March 2023	DKK 31.04

Section 4 Seniority supplement

Seniority supplement is granted for employment in the same company as follows (per week):

After 1 year of uninterrupted employment.....	DKK 173.66
After 3 years of uninterrupted employment.....	DKK 230.41
After 5 years of uninterrupted employment.....	DKK 248.06

Offsetting is permitted where personal supplements are granted.

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GLS-A
Agro Food Park 13
8200 Aarhus N
8740 3400
info@gl-s-a.dk



3F
Kampmannsgade 4
1790 København V
70 300 300
3f@3f.dk